Date of issue for the 1st edition: 27/Jun/2014

Date of revision: 26/Jun/2023

# Safety Data Sheet

Section 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier:

Product name: Sulfuric acid

Reference number(SDS):83010jis\_E-5

Product type: Reagent

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier: JUNSEI CHEMICAL CO., LTD.

Address: 1-6, Ohmano-cho, Koshigaya-shi, Saitama 343-0844, Japan

Division: Quality Assurance Department Telephone number: +81-48-986-6161

FAX: +81-48-989-2787

e-mail address: shiyaku-t@junsei.co.jp

#### Section 2. Hazards identification

GHS classification and label elements of the product

Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **HEALTH HAZARDS**

Acute toxicity (Inhalation): Category 2 Skin corrosion/irritation: Category 1A

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure: Category 1 (respiratory system)

Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure: Category 1 (respiratory system)

## **ENVIRONMENT HAZARDS**

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute): Category 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic): Category 1

(Note) GHS classification without description: Not classified/Classification not possible Label elements









# Signal word: Danger HAZARD STATEMENT

H330-Fatal if inhaled

H314-Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318-Causes serious eye damage H370-Causes damage to organs

H372-Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H402-Harmful to aquatic life

H410-Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENT

## Prevention

Avoid release to the environment.

Do not breathe dust/mist.

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wash contaminated parts thoroughly after handling.



Wear protective gloves, protective clothing or face protection.

Wear eye protection/face protection.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

#### Response

Collect spillage.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician.

IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

## Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up.

## Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national regulation.

#### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture/Substance selection:

#### Substance

Ingredient name: Sulfuric acid

Content (%):95.0 <

Chemical formula:H2O4S

Chemicals No, Japan:1-430

CAS No.:7664-93-9

MW:98.08

ECNO:231-639-5

Note: The figures shown above are not the specifications of the product.

## Section 4. First-aid measures

Descriptions of first-aid measures

## General measures

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician.

Keep victim warm and quiet.

Call emergency medical service.

Effects of exposure (inhalation, ingestion or skin contact) to substance may be delayed.

Do not use mouth—to—mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one—way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

## IF INHALED

Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing.

Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.

Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

## IF ON SKIN (or hair)

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes.



Removal of solidified molten material from skin requires medical assistance.

For minor skin contact, avoid spreading material on unaffected skin.

#### IF IN EYES

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

#### IF SWALLOWED

Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Give nothing to drink.

Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

(Symptoms when inhalation or ingestion)

Cough. Sore throat. Burning sensation. Shortness of breath. Laboured breathing. Burns in mouth and throat.

Abdominal pain. Vomiting. Shock or collapse.

(Symptoms when skin and/or eye contact)

Conjunctival redness of the eyes. Redness of the skin. Pain. Blisters. Serious burns.

Protective measures for first aid

Protect yourself by wearing rubber gloves and air-tight safety goggles.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

The symptoms of lung oedema often do not become manifest until a few hours have passed and they are aggravated by physical effort.

Rest and medical observation are therefore essential.

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

## Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use appropriate extinguishing media suitable for surrounding facilities.

The product is non-flammable.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Never use water.

Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Containers may explode when heated.

Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases.

Runoff from fire control or dilution water may cause pollution.

## Advice for firefighters

Specific fire-fighting measures

Evacuate non-essential personnel to safe area.

In case of fire: keep drums, etc., cool by spraying with water. NO direct contact with water.

Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Wear fire resistant or flame retardant clothing.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece operated in the positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personnel precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unauthorized personnel away.

In case of contact with substance, immediately flush skin or eyes with running water for at least 20 minutes.



Ventilate area until material pick up is complete.

Wear proper protective equipment.

PUBLIC SAFTY: Ventilate closed spaces before entering.

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

EVACUATION: Spill: See the Table of Initial Isolation and Protective Action Distances for

highlighted substances. For non-highlighted substances, increase, in the downwind direction, as necessary, the isolation distance shown under "PUBLIC SAFETY".

#### Environmental precautions

Avoid release to headsprings, rivers, lakes, ocean and groundwater.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover with DRY earth, DRY sand, or other non-combustible material followed with plastic sheet to minimize spreading or contact with rain.

Do NOT absorb in saw-dust or other combustible absorbents.

Cautiously neutralize remainder with lime or soda ash.

Preventive measures for secondary accident

Collect spillage.

Stop leak if you can do it without risk.

Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Use water spray to reduce vapors; do not put water directly on leak, spill area or inside container.

Keep out of low areas.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Preventive measures

(Exposure Control for handling personnel)

Do not breathe dust/mist.

(Protective measures against fire and explosion)

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

(Exhaust/ventilator)

Exhaust/ventilator should be available.

(Safety treatments)

Avoid contact with skin.

Avoid contact with eyes.

## Safety Measures

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Use personal protective equipment as required.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Reaction with water may generate much heat which will increase the concentration of fumes in the air.

NEVER pour water into this substance; when dissolving or diluting always add it slowly to the water.

# Any incompatibilities

Bases, Reducing agents, Metals, Organic materials, Water, Combustible substances should not be mixed with the chemicals.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash contaminated parts thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

## Storage

Conditions for safe storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

Store in accordance with local/national regulation.

Store locked up.



Container and packaging materials for safe handling data is not available.

Specific end use(s)

See information in Section 7.1 and 7.2 for handling and storage recommendations. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection recommendations.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Control value in MHLW is not available.

Adopted value

JSOH(2000) (ceiling) 1mg/m3

ACGIH(2004) TWA: 0.2mg/m3(T) (Pulm func)

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation.

Eye wash station should be available.

Washing facilities should be available.

Individual protection measures

Respiratory protection

Wear respiratory protection.

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves. Recommended material(s): viton

Consult with your glove and/or personnel equipment manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible materials.

Eye protection

Wear chemical safety goggle.

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin and body protection

Wear impervious clothing and boots in case of repeated or prolonged treatment.

## Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Oily liquid Color: Colorless-clear

Odor: None

Odor threshold data is not available. Melting point/Freezing point: 10°C

Boiling point or initial boiling point: 337°C

Boiling range data is not available.

Flammability (gases, liquids and solids): Non-flammable

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit data is not available.

Flash point: Non-flammable

Auto-ignition temperature data is not available.

Decomposition temperature: 340°C

Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature/SADT data is not available.

pH: <= 1(Strong acidic)

Dynamic viscosity: ca. 24mPas(20°C) Kinematic viscosity: ca. 13mm2/s(20°C)

Solubility:

Solubility in water: Miscible

Solubility in solvent: Miscible with alcohol.

n-Octanol/water partition coefficient data is not available.



Vapor pressure: < 10 Pa (20°C)

Density and/or relative density: 1.84g/cm3(20°C)

Relative vapor density (Air=1): 3.4

Relative density of the Vapor/air - mixture at 20°C (Air = 1) data is not available.

Particle characteristics data is not available.

Other information

Critical temperature: 655°C

Evaporation rate data is not available.

VOC data is not available.

#### Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

## Reactivity

React with water.

## Chemical stability

Stable under normal storage/handling conditions.

Hygroscopic.

## Possibility of hazardous reactions

Decomposes on heating. This produces toxic and corrosive gases.

The substance is a strong oxidant. It reacts with combustible and reducing materials and organic materials. This generates fire and explosion hazard.

The substance is a strong acid. It reacts violently with bases and is corrosive to most common metals forming a flammable/explosive gas.

Reacts violently with water. This generates heat and fire or explosion hazard.

Attacks many plastics.

#### Conditions to avoid

Contact with incompatible materials.

Heating.

## Incompatible materials

Bases, Reducing agents, Metals, Organic materials, Water, Combustible substances

## Hazardous decomposition products

Sulfur oxides, Hydrogen gas

## Section 11. Toxicological Information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Acute toxicity (Oral)

[Product]

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

[Data for components of the product]

[GHS Cat. Japan, base data]

rat LD50=2140mg/kg (SIDS, 2001)

Acute toxicity (Dermal)

[Product]

Classification not possible (Insufficient data available or no data available).

[Data for components of the product]

No data available.

Acute toxicity (Inhalation)

[Product]

Category 2, Fatal if inhaled

[Data for components of the product]

[GHS Cat. Japan, base data]

mist: rat LC50=0.347mg/L/4hr (SIDS, 2001)

```
Labor standard law, Japan; Toxic
Sulfuric acid
Irritant properties
Skin corrosion/irritation
[Product]
```

Category 1A, Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

[Data for components of the product]

[GHS Cat. Japan, base data]

corrosive substance

Serious eye damage/irritation

[Product]

Category 1, Causes serious eye damage

[Data for components of the product]

[GHS Cat. Japan, base data]

human: severe damage (ATSDR, 1998)

Sensitization

Respiratory sensitization

[Product]

Classification not possible (Insufficient data available or no data available).

[Data for components of the product]

No data available.

Skin sensitization

[Product]

Classification not possible (Insufficient data available or no data available).

[Data for components of the product]

No data available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

[Product]

Classification not possible (Insufficient data available or no data available).

[Data for components of the product]

No data available.

Carcinogenicity

[Product]

Classification not possible (Insufficient data available or no data available).

[Data for components of the product]

[GHS Cat. Japan, base data]

Sulfuric acids itself was classified into the category 4 (DFGOT vol.15, 2001). Also, none of those institutions has not carried out the carcinogenic classification.

[IARC]

Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans

[ACGIH]

A2(2004): Suspected Human Carcinogen

[NTP

Known: Known to be Human Carcinogens

Reproductive toxicity

[Product]

Classification not possible (Insufficient data available or no data available).

[Data for components of the product]

No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)

STOT-single exposure

[Product]

Category 1, Causes damage to organs



[Data for components of the product]

[cat.1]

[GHS Cat. Japan, base data]

respiratory system (ATSDR, 1998)

STOT-repeated exposure

[Product]

Category 1, Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

[Data for components of the product]

[cat.1]

[GHS Cat. Japan, base data]

respiratory system (ATSDR, 1998)

Aspiration hazard

[Product]

Classification not possible (Insufficient data available or no data available).

[Data for components of the product]

No data available.

## Section 12. Ecological Information

Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity

[Product]

Category 3, Harmful to aquatic life

Category 1, Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

[Data for components of the product]

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute)

[GHS Cat. Japan, base data]

Fish (bluegill) LC50(pH3.25-3.5)=16-28mg/L/96hr (OECD SIDS, 2001)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic)

[GHS Cat. Japan, base data]

Fish (Gambusia affinis) NOEC(pH6.0)=0.025mg/L/45days (OECD SIDS, 2001)

Water solubility

miscible (ICSC, 2016)

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability data is not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential data is not available.

Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil data is not available.

Other adverse effects

Ozone depleting chemical data is not available.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Description of waste residues and information on their safe handling and methods of disposal, including the disposal of any contaminated packaging

Waste treatment methods

Avoid release to the environment.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national regulation.

## Section 14. Transport Information

UN No., UN CLASS

UN Number or ID Number: 1830



UN Proper Shipping Name: SULPHURIC ACID with more than 51% acid

Class or division (Transport hazard class): 8

Packing group: II ERG GUIDE No.: 137

IMDG Code (International Maritime Dangerous Goods Regulations)

UN Number or ID Number: 1830

UN Proper Shipping Name: SULPHURIC ACID with more than 51% acid

Class or division (Transport hazard class): 8

Packing group: II

IATA (Dangerous Goods Regulations)
UN Number or ID Number: 1830

UN Proper Shipping Name: SULPHURIC ACID with more than 51% acid

Class or division (Transport hazard class): 8

Hazard labels : Corrosive

Packing group : II

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutants (yes/no): yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Noxious Liquid Substances; Cat. Y

Sulfuric acid

MARPOL Annex V - HME (Harmful to the Marine Environment)

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: cat.1

Sulfuric acid

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term (chronic): cat.1, 2

Sulfuric acid

## Section 15. Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Chemicals listed in TSCA Inventory

7664-93-9

All components are listed or exempted.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorizations Act (SARA), Title III

**SARA 313 (TRI)** 

Sulfuric acid

## Other regulatory information

We are not able to check up the regulatory information with regard to the substances in your country or region, therefore, we request this matter would be filled by your responsibility.

Regulatory information with regard to this substance in your country or in your region should be examined by your own responsibility.

Ensure this material in compliance with federal requirements and ensure conformity to local regulations.

Regulatory information in this section are limited to intentional ingredient(s), but does

not contain information on non-intentional ingredients or impurities which are not informed by supplier(s).

# Chemical safety assessment

Advice on safe handling for this product can be found in sections 7 and 8 of this SDS.

## Section 16. Other information

GHS classification and labelling

H330-Acute toxicity, Category 2: H330 Fatal if inhaled

H314-Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1A: H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318-Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1: H318 Causes serious eye damage

H370-STOT - single exposure, Category 1: H370 Causes damage to organs



H372-STOT - Repeated exposure, Category 1: H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H402-Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute), Category 3: H402 Harmful to aquatic life H410-Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic), Category 1: H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### References and sources for data

Globally Harmonized System of classification and labelling of chemicals, UN

Recommendations on the TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS 22nd edit., 2021 UN

IMDG Code, 2020 Edition (Incorporating Amendment 40-20)

IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations (64th Edition) 2023

2020 EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDEBOOK (US DOT)

2022 TLVs and BEIs. (ACGIH)

JIS Z 7252 : 2019 JIS Z 7253 : 2019

2022 Recommendation on TLVs (JSOH)

Notification No. 0111-1 (January 11, 2022), Chemical Hazards Control Division, Industrial

Safety and Health Department, Labour Standards Bureau, MHLW in Japan

Supplier's data/information

Chemicals safety data management system "GHS Assistant" Version 4.22 (https://www.asahi-ghs.com/)

NITE Chemical Risk Information Platform "NITE-CHRIP"

(https://www.nite.go.jp/en/chem/chrip/chrip\_search/systemTop)

GHS Classification Guidance for Enterprises 2019 Revised Edition (Ver. 2.0) (Mar. 2020, METI)

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

SDS (Safety Data Sheet)

LD50 (Lethal Dose, 50%)

LC50 (Lethal Concentration, 50%)

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

EPA (US Environmental Protection Agency)

NTP (US National Toxicology Program)

JSOH (Japan Society for Occupational Health)

EU (European Union)

EC50 (Effective Concentration, 50%)

NOEC (No Observed Effect Concentration)

BOD (Biochemical Oxygen Demand)

COD (Chemical Oxygen Demand)

BCF (Bioconcentration Factor)

anh (anhydride)

## General Disclaimer

This data sheet was created based on the information we currently have and may be revised according to new information. In addition, the precautions apply only to normal handling, and in the case of special handling, please make adequate countermeasure to maintain your safety.

The data given here is based on current knowledge and experience. The purpose of this Safety Data Sheet is to describe the products in terms of their safety requirements. The data does not signify any warranty with regard to the products' properties.

The GHS classification data given here is based on current Japan official data (NITE published in 2021).